

## A RESOLUTION

15-270

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to amend the Veterinary Practice Act of 1982 to reduce the size of the Board of Veterinary Examiners from 7 members to 3 members.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Board of Veterinary Examiners Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2.(a) The Veterinary Practice Act of 1982, effective March 9, 1983 (D.C. Law 4-171; D.C. Official Code § 3-501 *et seq.*), sets the number of members on the Board of Veterinary Examiners ("Board") at 7 members. The size of the Board needs to be reduced from 7 members to 3 members because there are not enough licensed veterinarians living in the District of Columbia to fill the Board, leaving the Board unable to establish a quorum.

(b) The Board of Veterinary Examiners Emergency Amendment Act of 2003, effective July 29, 2003 (D.C. Act 15-127), will expire on October 27, 2003. The Board of Veterinary Examiners Temporary Amendment Act of 2003, signed by the Mayor on October 6, 2003 (D.C. Act 15-160), is pending Congressional review.

(c) This emergency legislation is necessary to prevent a gap in the legal authority.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary that the Board of Veterinary Examiners Congressional Review Emergency Amendment Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

## A RESOLUTION

15- 271

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to authorize the Mayor to establish sanitary standards for wholesale food operations that do not provide food directly to the consumer, including manufacturers, processors, repackagers, and distributors of food, by amending An Act Relating to the adulteration of foods and drugs in the District of Columbia to include "food processing plants" within the definition of "food establishment".

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Food Regulation Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) There is an urgent need to amend An Act Relating to the adulteration of foods and drugs in the District of Columbia, approved February 17, 1898 (30 Stat. 246; D.C. Official Code § 48-101 *et seq.*), to authorize the Mayor to establish sanitary standards for wholesale food operations that do not provide food directly to the consumer, including manufacturers, processors, repackagers, and distributors of food.

(b) Wholesale food processing plants were inadvertently excluded from the definition of "food establishment" in the Food Regulation Amendment Act of 2002, effective May 2, 2002 (D.C. Law 14-116; 49 DCR 1945). This emergency legislation corrects that error, which, if left unaddressed, could potentially expose the public to unsafe foods from warehouses and food processing plants that do not meet any sanitary standards.

(c) The Food Regulation Emergency Amendment Act of 2003, effective July 29, 2003 (D.C. Act 15-124), will expire on October 27, 2003. The Food Regulation Temporary Amendment Act of 2003, signed by the Mayor on October 6, 2003 (D.C. Act 15-159), is pending Congressional review.

(d) This emergency legislation is necessary to prevent a gap in the legal authority.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary that the Food Regulation Congressional Review Emergency Amendment Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

## A RESOLUTION

15-272

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to amend the Health Care Privatization Amendment Act of 2001 to add authority for the Mayor to issue rules and to require proposed rules to be submitted to the Council for a 30-day period of review.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Health Care Privatization Rulemaking Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) The Financial Responsibility and Management Assistance Authority enacted the Health Care Privatization Amendment Act of 2001, effective July 12, 2001 (D.C. Law 14-18; D.C. Official Code § 7-1401 *et seq.*) ("Act"), without providing authority for the Mayor to implement the Act through rulemaking.

(b) The Department of Health's Health Care Safety Net Administration, which administers the Act, needs rulemaking authority to fully implement the Act.

(c) The Health Care Safety Net Administration incurred approximately \$44 million in unanticipated expenses during Fiscal Year 2003 due to inability to control expenses under the existing contract documents.

(d) Amendment of the current contract documents requires consent of the parties and approval of the United States Bankruptcy Court because of the bankruptcy of Greater Southeast Community Hospital.

(e) With rulemaking authority, the Health Care Safety Net Administration can adopt reasonable and rational rules that will allow the Health Care Safety Net Administration to avoid cost overruns in the future.

(f) The Health Care Privatization Rulemaking Emergency Amendment Act of 2003, effective July 29, 2003 (D.C. Act 15-126), will expire on October 27, 2003. The Health Care Privatization Rulemaking Temporary Amendment Act of 2003, signed by the Mayor on October 7, 2003 (D.C. Act 15-167), is pending Congressional review.

(g) This emergency legislation is necessary to prevent a gap in the legal authority.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary that the Health Care Privatization Rulemaking Congressional Review Emergency Amendment Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

A RESOLUTION

15-273

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to expand and improve the tax increment financing program in the District of Columbia.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Retail Incentive Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) The Council previously passed emergency and temporary versions of this legislation. The emergency version of the legislation, D.C. Act 15-140, will expire on October 27, 2003. The temporary version of the legislation passed the Council on second reading on September 16, 2003, and is pending Congressional review.

(b) In order to avoid a gap in authority, the underlying Congressional review emergency legislation is warranted.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary the Retail Incentive Congressional Review Emergency Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

## A RESOLUTION

15-274

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to establish a Comprehensive Housing Strategy Task Force that will assess the quality and availability of housing for households at all income levels in the District of Columbia and develop a set of public policy recommendations to address the housing needs of both current residents and the 100,000 new residents that are expected to move into the District over the next 10 years.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Comprehensive Housing Strategy Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) There is a pressing need to assess the quality and availability of housing for households at all income levels in the District of Columbia and develop a set of public policy recommendations to address the housing needs of both current residents and the 100,000 new residents that are expected to move into the District over the next 10 years.

(b) A task force to examine, report on, and make recommendations on the issues of housing availability, quality, and affordability is an important element in meeting the housing needs of current and future District residents.

(c) In July of 2003, the Council enacted the Comprehensive Housing Strategy Emergency Act of 2003, effective July 29, 2003 (D.C. Act 15-143; 50 DCR 6888) ("Emergency Act"), which established such a task force. The Emergency Act expires on October 27, 2003.

(d) Temporary legislation, the Comprehensive Housing Strategy Temporary Act of 2003, signed by the Mayor on October 6, 2003 (D.C. Act 15-165) and transmitted to Congress on October 15, 2003, is pending review by Congress as required by section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code § 1-206.02(c)(1)).

(e) It is important that the provisions of the Emergency Act continue in effect, without interruption, until the temporary legislation is in effect.

Sec. 3. The Council determines that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary that the Comprehensive Housing Strategy Congressional Review Emergency Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. Effective date.

This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

## A RESOLUTION

15-275

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to suspend the use of payment cards by District government employees for 225 days, or until each agency complies with the required reporting requirements.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Suspension of Purchase Authority in the District of Columbia Government Purchase Card Program Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. The Council finds that:

(1) The Committee on Government Operations held a hearing on June 27, 2003 to investigate the agency credit card budgets and spending limits for all agencies that permit personnel to use credit cards under the Office of Contracting and Procurement's Purchase Card Program.

(2) The Subcommittee on Human Rights, Latino Affairs and Property Management ("Subcommittee") discovered credit card abuse by an employee in the Office of Property Management and held a series of hearings, including a hearing on June 19, 2003.

(3) When the administration was asked, on June 27, 2003, about the number of people with large credit card balances by the Committee on Government Operations, the response was that one person had a credit card with a 30-day limit equal to or greater than \$70,000.

(4) On July 2, 2003, the Office of Contracting and Procurement provided additional information to the Chairman of the Subcommittee from USBank, a witness at the Committee on Government Operations, June 27, 2003 hearing, stating that over 45 card holders had 30-day credit limits equal to or greater than \$70,000.

(5) This information was not provided to the Committee on Government Operations during their June 27, 2003 meeting, although the information was available to the administration on June 25, 2003, 2 days before testimony was presented to the Committee on Government Operations.

(6) To date, all of the agencies have not clarified the number of persons holding

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credit cards and their spending limits as requested by the Committee on Government Operations.

(7) To protect the citizens of the District of Columbia ("District") from individuals using District government credit cards for improper use, and to protect the citizens against repeated abuse of the credit card privileges by District employees, it is appropriate to suspend the use of credit cards for all agencies.

(8) By requiring specific reporting requirements as a prerequisite to permitting District agencies to exercise the privilege of obtaining goods and services using a credit card, the District will reduce its credit card costs.

(9) The July 7, 2003 response from the Deputy Mayor for Operations demonstrates that individuals may expend all of their annual budgeted use of a District-issued credit card in one month.

(10) The information received from the Deputy Mayor for Operations on July 7, 2003, and the information received on July 2, 2003, are inconsistent because those identified by USBank, the card issuer, as having 30-day limits equal to or greater than \$70,000 in some cases do not show up in the agencies' self-reporting of credit card monitoring.

(11) The Committee on Government Operations was informed on July 8, 2003 that US Bank, the issuer of the District's credit cards, provided the District with monitoring capabilities that the District has not taken advantage of when they specifically stated, "The CARE (Customer Automated Reporting Environment) system allows government customers to access both demographic (name, address, work phone, etc.) information and authorization control information (30-day credit limits, single purchase limits.) for all accounts under their span of control."

(12) Having heard testimony from over 29 government agencies, the Office of Contracting and Procurement and the Deputy Mayor for Operations, and having received inconsistent information on the requirements for supervising the use of credit cards and the public information on abuse of the District's purchase card (credit card) monitoring system, reporting requirements should be instituted as a prerequisite to permitting further credit card charges to be made against the District's money.

(13) The emergency legislation is due to expire on Tuesday, October 28, 2003, and the temporary legislation is pending Congressional review.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia finds that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary that the Suspension of Purchase Authority in the District of Columbia Government Purchase Card Program Congressional Review Emergency Amendment Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

## A RESOLUTION

15-276

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to eliminate term limitations for Eastern Market Community Advisory Committee members that are subject to them and to change the composition of the Eastern Market Community Advisory Committee by keeping the member from the Advisory Neighborhood Commission in which Eastern Market is sited and eliminating the other Advisory Neighborhood Commission member.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Eastern Market Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) On July 8, 2003, the Council passed Bill 15-321, the Eastern Market Emergency Amendment Act of 2003, which is due to expire on October 27, 2003. On that date, the Council also had first reading on the related temporary legislation, Bill 15-322.

(b) The rationale for passing this legislation is to prevent removal in the Fall of 2003 of a majority of the Eastern Market Community Advisory Committee ("EMCAC") under the term limits established in the Eastern Market Real Property Asset Management and Outdoor Vending Act of 1998, effective April 16, 1999 (D.C. Law 12-228; D.C. Official Code § 37-101 *et seq.*) ("Act"), which law created a new management structure for Eastern Market, which is a property owned by the District of Columbia. The Act called for the formation of an advisory committee, the Eastern Market Community Advisory Committee or "EMCAC."

(c) The EMCAC serves in a solely advisory role to the Office of Property Management and the market management contractor with whom the District of Columbia has contracted to manage the day-to-day operations at Eastern Market. The EMCAC is responsible for reviewing and commenting to the District of Columbia's Chief Property Management Officer on those matters pertaining to Eastern Market that are listed in section 12 of the Act, including the request for proposals for the selection of the market manager.

(d) The EMCAC consists of appointees from established Capitol Hill community organizations, including the Capitol Hill Restoration Society, the Stanton Park Neighborhood

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Association, the Capitol Hill Association of Merchants and Professionals, the Eastern Market Preservation and Development Corporation, and any other organizations that meet the law's requirements, as well as Advisory Neighborhood Commissioners, representatives of various tenant groups, and representatives of the Mayor and the Ward 6 Councilmember. The Act limits most of the EMCAC members' terms to a 4-year period in any 6-year period.

(e) The Act currently allows for representation from 2 Advisory Neighborhood Commissions ("ANCs"), the one in which Eastern Market is sited and the one that at the time the Act was first passed was directly to the north. Since that time, the ward boundaries and that of all the ANCs has been the subject of redistricting and 4 new ANCs have been formed in Ward 6. Although significant changes were made in the ward and ANC boundaries during redistricting, the ANC representation on the EMCAC has not been altered so as to reflect the changes that occurred during redistricting. Since one of the ANCs named in the Act as an EMCAC representative remains the same one in which Eastern Market is currently sited, that is the ANC that should continue to have a representative on the EMCAC. That would be ANC 6B. On the other hand, the northern ANC named in the Act no longer represents the most closely geographically aligned Single Member Districts to Eastern Market. Thus, ANC 6A should not be part of the EMCAC.

(f) By virtue of the term limits written into the Act, the law will cause most of the sitting EMCAC members to have to give up their positions by early Fall 2003 and would force the organizations which are identified in the Act that are authorized to appoint or elect a member of that organization to sit on the EMCAC to have to appoint or elect new members. Consequently, the community and EMCAC would lose considerable institutional memory at a critical time in the development of Eastern Market.

(g) Moreover, term limits require that the District of Columbia government dictate to these independent organizations who should speak for their membership and the community in general and thereby limits who these organizations might choose to have on the EMCAC.

(h) Given the fact that, by the Fall of 2003, virtually the entire EMCAC currently sitting will be giving up their positions and the organizations which these EMCAC members represent will be unable to choose to reappoint any of them by reason of the Act's provision on term limits, it is necessary to pass emergency legislation to allow the organizations the choice of who to send to serve on the EMCAC at this critical time in Eastern Market's future.

(i) The emergency legislation is due to expire on October 27, 2003, and the related temporary legislation is due to have second reading on October 7, 2003, and cannot become effective until after Congressional review. Consequently, a gap will exist when the emergency legislation expires before the temporary legislation can become effective.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary that the Eastern Market Congressional Review Emergency Amendment Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

A RESOLUTION

15-277

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to reconfirm and modify the exemption from real estate taxation for the property known as lot 60, square 625 and owned by the National Guard Association of the United States.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "National Guard Association of the United States Real Property Tax Exemption Reconfirmation and Modification Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. The Council has previously passed emergency and temporary legislation of this nature. The emergency legislation, D.C. Act 15-115, will expire on October 27, 2003. The temporary legislation, D.C. Act 15-150, is still pending Congressional review. In order to prevent a gap in authority, the underlying Congressional review emergency legislation is warranted.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary that the National Guard Association of the United States Real Property Tax Exemption Reconfirmation and Modification Congressional Review Emergency Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

A RESOLUTION

15-278

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to legislative review, with respect to the need to exempt from taxation certain real property of the American College of Cardiology Foundation.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "American College of Cardiology Foundation Real Property Tax Exemption Legislative Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) The Council previously passed emergency and temporary versions of this legislation. The emergency version of the legislation, D.C. Act 15-120, will expire on October 27, 2003. The temporary version of the legislation passed the Council on second reading on September 16, 2003, and is pending Congressional review.

(b) In order to avoid a gap in authority, the underlying Congressional review emergency legislation is warranted.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary the American College of Cardiology Foundation Real Property Tax Exemption Legislative Review Emergency Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

A RESOLUTION

15-279

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to clarify the definition of eligible area #1 for certain housing incentives.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Tax Abatement for New Residential Developments Definition Clarification Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) The Council previously passed emergency and temporary versions of this legislation. The emergency version of the legislation, D.C. Act 15-119, will expire on October 27, 2003. The temporary version of the legislation passed the Council on second reading on September 16, 2003, and is pending Congressional review.

(b) In order to avoid a gap in authority, the underlying Congressional review emergency legislation is warranted.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary the Tax Abatement for New Residential Developments Definition Clarification Congressional Review Emergency Act of 2003 be approved after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

A RESOLUTION

15-280

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to approve the issuance of tax revenue anticipation notes to finance governmental expenses for the year ending September 30, 2004.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Fiscal Year 2004 Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) The Fiscal Year 2004 Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes Emergency Act of 2003 would authorize the issuance of District of Columbia general obligation tax revenue anticipation notes to finance general governmental expenses for the fiscal year beginning on October 1, 2004.

(b) The Council previously passed emergency and temporary versions of this legislation. The emergency version of the legislation, D.C. Act 15-117, will expire on October 27, 2003. The temporary version of the legislation, D.C. Act 15-324, is still pending Congressional review.

(c) In order to avoid a gap in authority, the underlying Congressional review emergency legislation is warranted.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary the Fiscal Year 2004 Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes Congressional Review Emergency Act of 2003 be approved after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

## A RESOLUTION

15-281

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To declare the existence of an emergency, due to Congressional review, with respect to the need to make a technical amendment to section 16-1005 of the District of Columbia Official Code to clarify that communications made by a person located outside of the District of Columbia to a person located in the District of Columbia shall be deemed to have been made in the District of Columbia for the purpose of establishing a violation of a domestic violence protection order.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Domestic Violence Protection Orders Technical Congressional Review Emergency Declaration Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. (a) The Council approved Bill 15-396, the Domestic Violence Protection Orders Technical Emergency Act of 2003, at its July 8, 2003 legislative meeting. This legislation, which makes a technical amendment to D.C. Law 14-296, the Uniform Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act of 2002, expires on October 27, 2003.

(b) The Council approved Bill 15-376, the Domestic Violence Protection Orders Technical Temporary Act of 2003, at its September 16, 2003 legislative meeting, and it is currently pending Congressional review. The permanent version of the legislation is included in the Technical Amendments Act of 2003, as introduced on September 16, 2003 (D.C. Bill 15-437), which is currently pending before the Council.

(c) This Congressional review emergency is necessary to prevent a gap in the legal authority.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia determines that the circumstances enumerated in section 2 constitute emergency circumstances making it necessary that the Domestic Violence Protection Orders Technical Congressional Review Emergency Act of 2003 be adopted after a single reading.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

ENROLLED ORIGINAL

A RESOLUTION

15-282

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To confirm the Mayoral appointment of Mr. Kenneth L. Saunders as the Director of the Office of Human Rights.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Director of the Office of Human Rights Kenneth L. Saunders Confirmation Approval Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. The Council of the District of Columbia confirms the appointment of:

Mr. Kenneth L. Saunders  
6101 16<sup>th</sup> Street, N.W. #109  
Washington, D.C. 20011  
(Ward 4)

as Director of the Office of Human Rights, established by section 202 of the Office of Human Rights Establishment Act of 1999, effective October 20, 1999 (D.C. Law 13-38; D.C. Official Code § 2-1411.01), and in accordance with section 2 of the Confirmation Act of 1978, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-142; D.C. Official Code § 1-523.01), to serve at the pleasure of the Mayor.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia shall transmit a copy of this resolution, upon its adoption, each to the nominee and to the Office of the Mayor.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.

A RESOLUTION

15-283

IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

October 21, 2003

To confirm the Mayoral appointment of Ms. Yvonne D. Gilchrist as the Director of the Department of Human Services.

RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this resolution may be cited as the "Director of the Department of Human Services Yvonne D. Gilchrist Confirmation Resolution of 2003".

Sec. 2. The Council of the District of Columbia confirms the appointment of:

Ms. Yvonne D. Gilchrist  
3506 C.J. Barney Drive, N.E.  
Washington, DC 20018  
(Ward 5)

as the Director of the Department of Human Services, established by Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1979, effective February 21, 1979, and Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1986, effective January 3, 1987, and in accordance with section 2 of the Confirmation Act of 1978, effective March 3, 1979 (D.C. Law 2-142; D.C. Code § 1-633.7), to serve at the pleasure of the Mayor.

Sec. 3. The Council of the District of Columbia shall transmit a copy of this resolution, upon its adoption, each to the nominee and to the Office of the Mayor.

Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately.